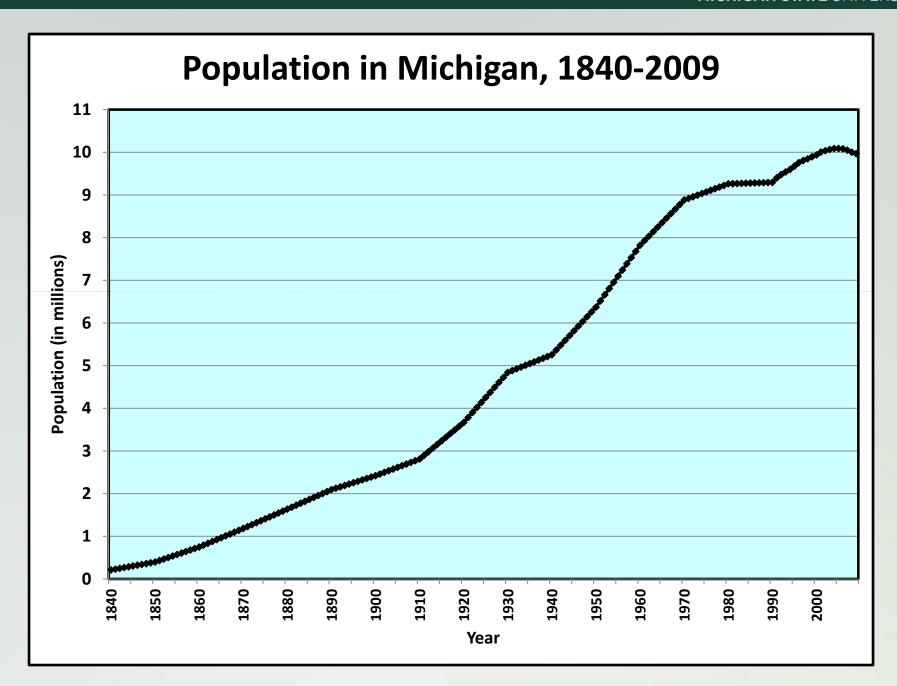
Michigan's Past, Present, and Future: Demographics, Economics, Politics

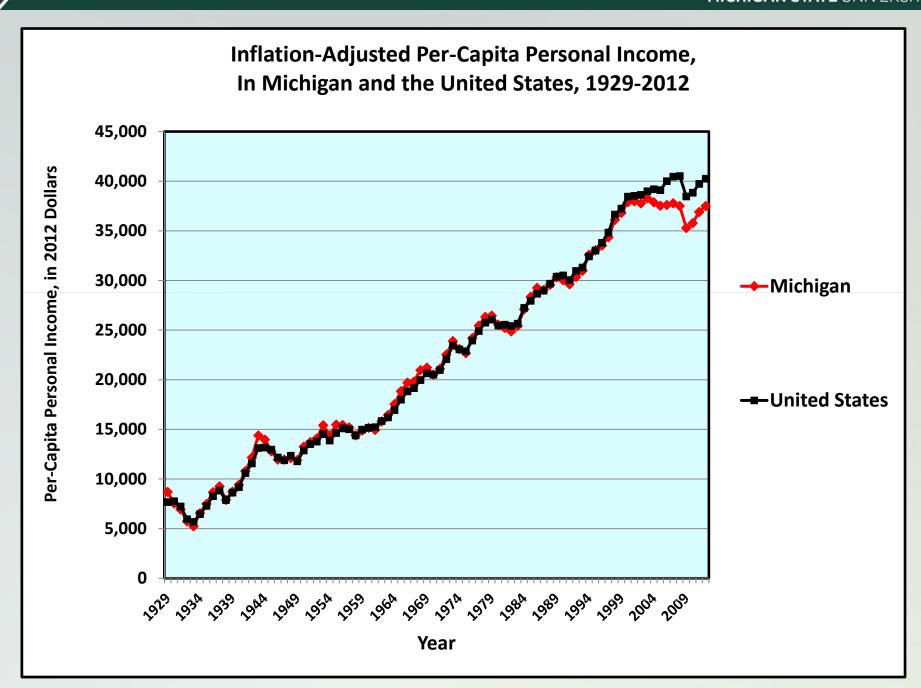
Presented to: IPPSR Forum January 22, 2014

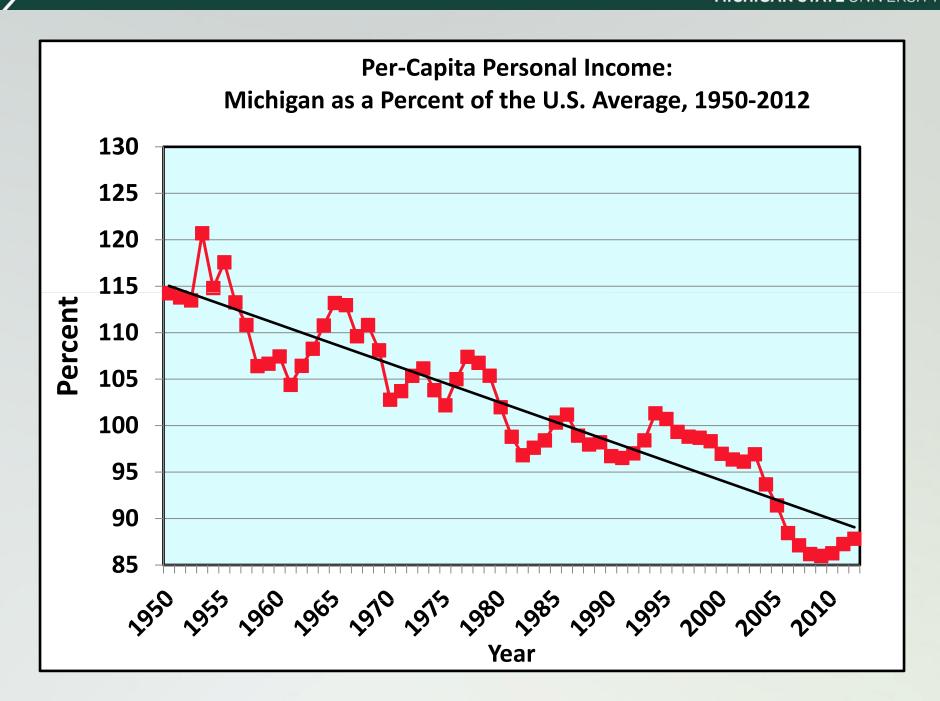
Charles L. Ballard
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Where there is economic opportunity, people will follow.

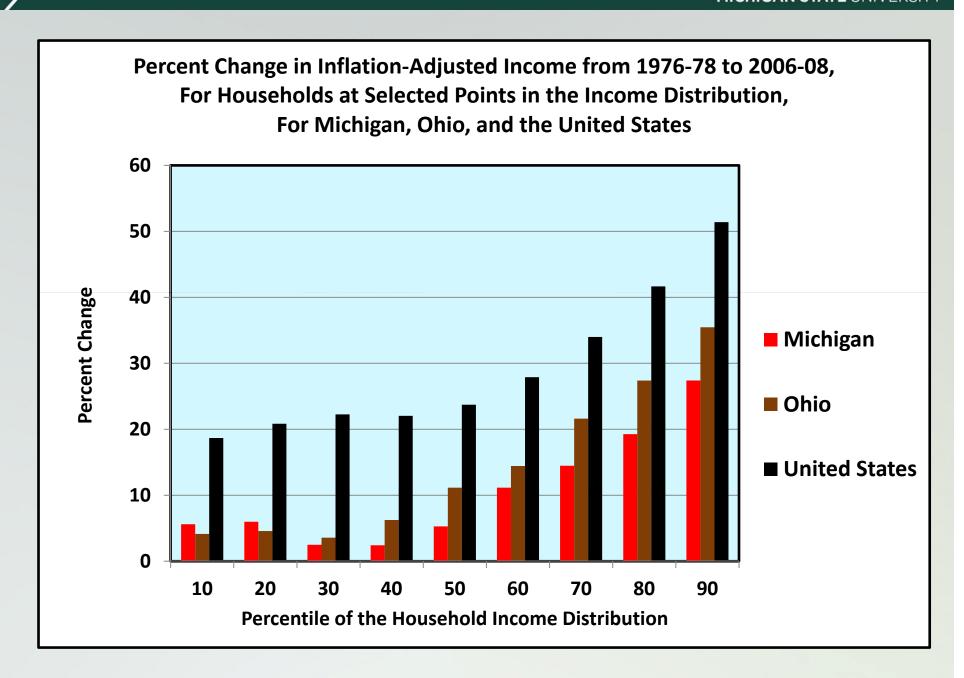


The slowing of population growth in Michigan began at a time when the economy was still growing, but at a slower pace (both in absolute terms, and relative to the national average).





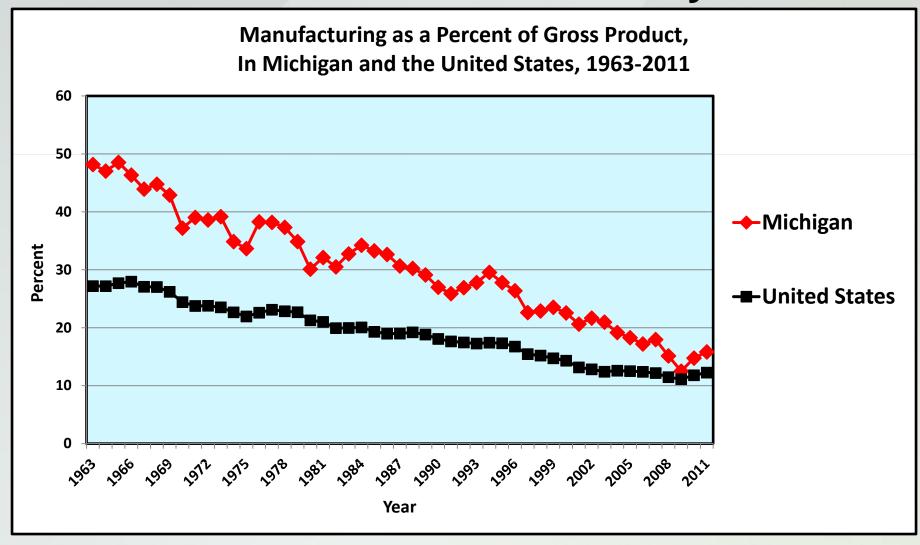
Also, this period of slowing OVERALL economic growth was accompanied by a major increase in income inequality.



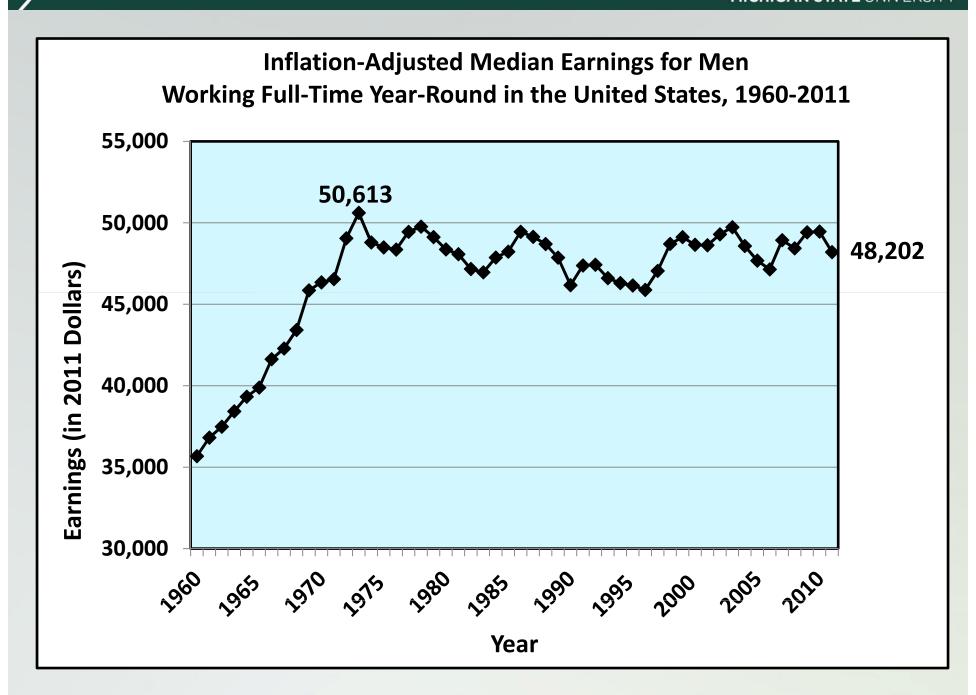
This relative decline has many sources. Here are two of the biggest:

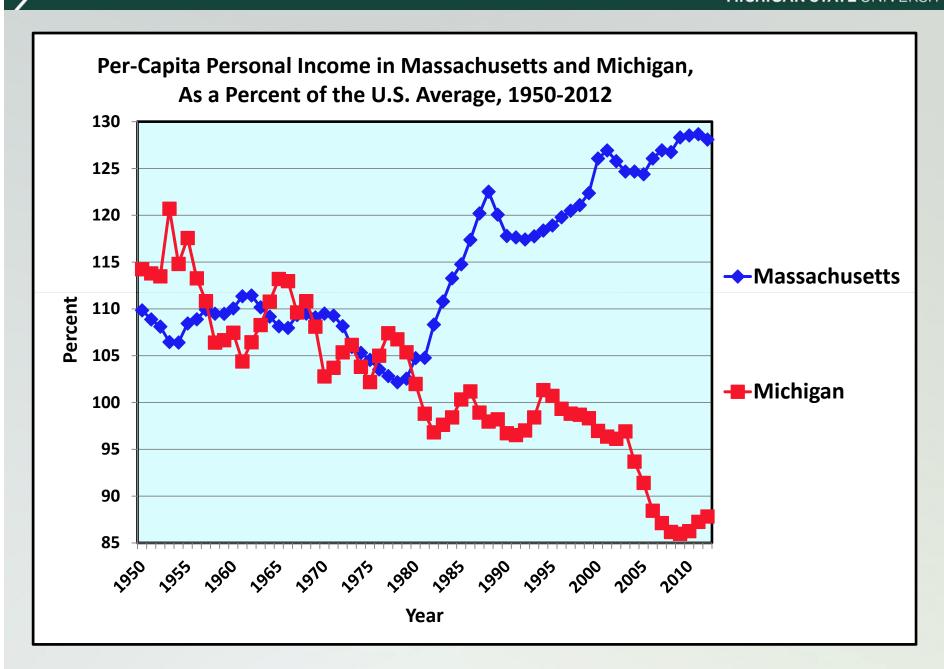
- 1. Relative decline of manufacturing.
- 2. Increase in earnings for those with the highest levels of education.

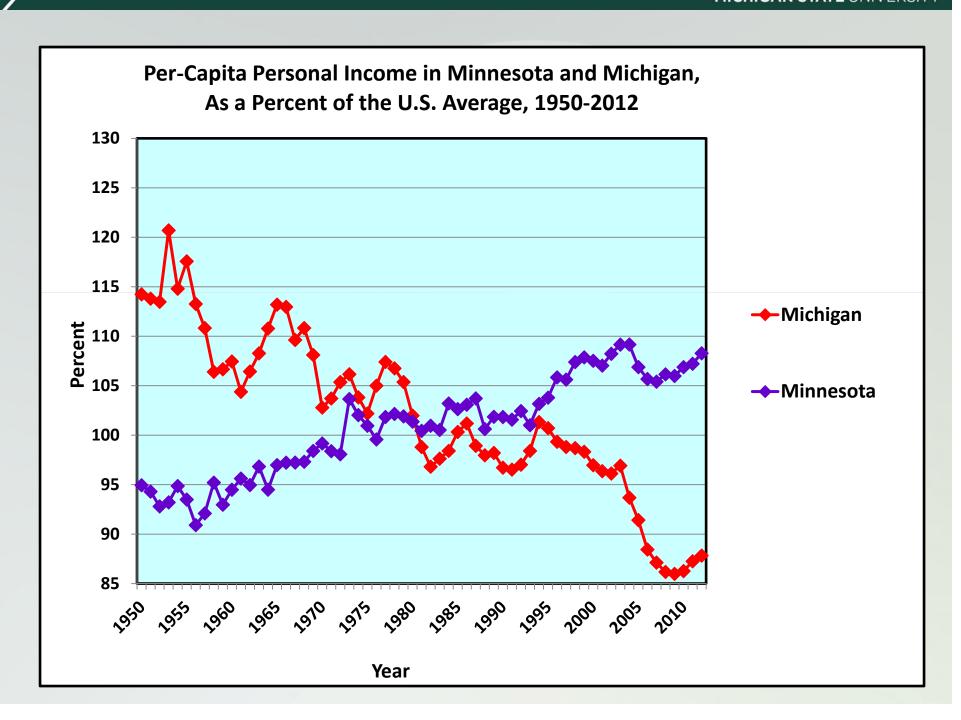
Manufacturing's Share of the Economy Has Shrunk Dramatically



American men who have not been to college have fared especially poorly in the last 40 years.







This slide is brought to you by the letter "M":

State

CollegeAttainment Income
Rank 2011 Rank 2011

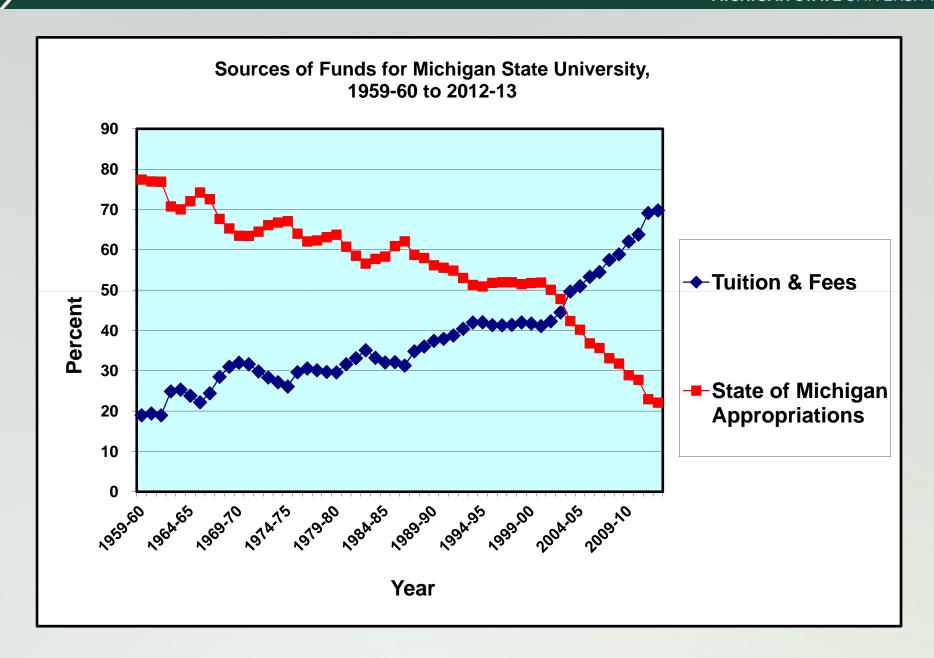
Massachusetts 1 2

Minnesota 10 11

Michigan 35 36

Mississippi 48 50

At a time when education is so crucial to our future, Michigan has pursued a policy of systematic disinvestment in education.

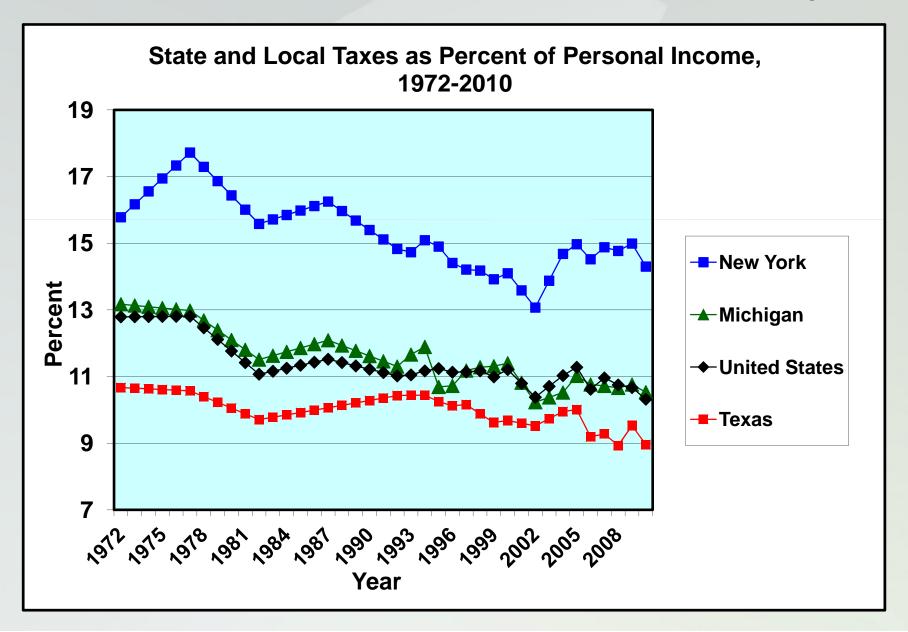


In order to be equivalent to the real budget reductions of 2003-2011, we would have to cease state support for:

Central Michigan University, Eastern Michigan University, Ferris State University, Grand Valley State University, Lake Superior State University, Michigan Technological University, **Northern Michigan University,** Oakland University, Saginaw Valley State University, **University of Michigan - Dearborn, University of Michigan - Flint, and** Western Michigan University.

One big reason for the decline in higher-education funding is the long-term decrease in tax revenue.

Tax Effort Has Reduced Substantially



In my view, the current clamor for a tax cut is misplaced.

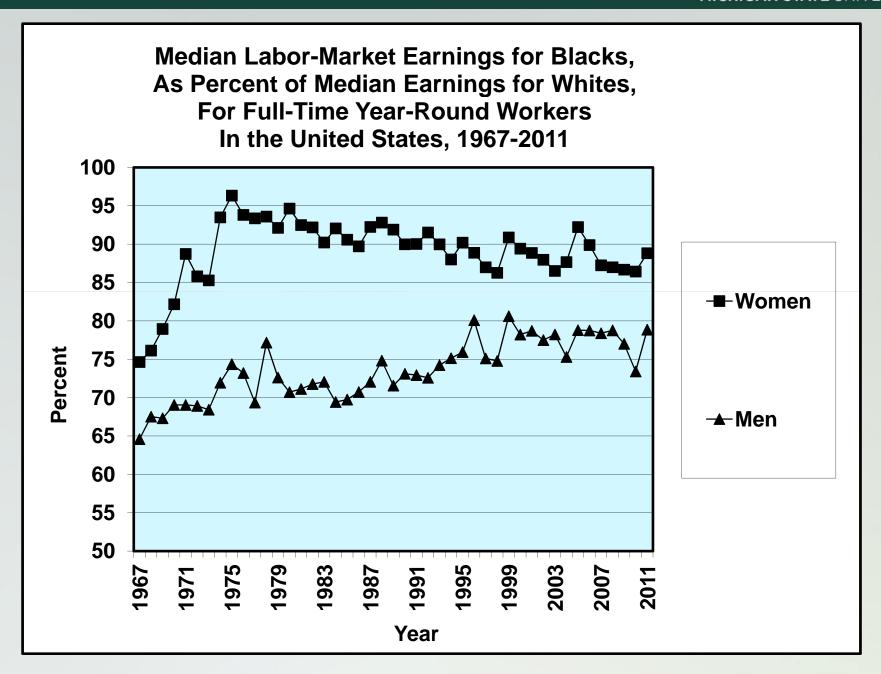
The Detroit metropolitan area is more racially segregated than any other major area in the United States.

Many of the problems of the city and the metropolitan area stem from the lack of a regional focus.

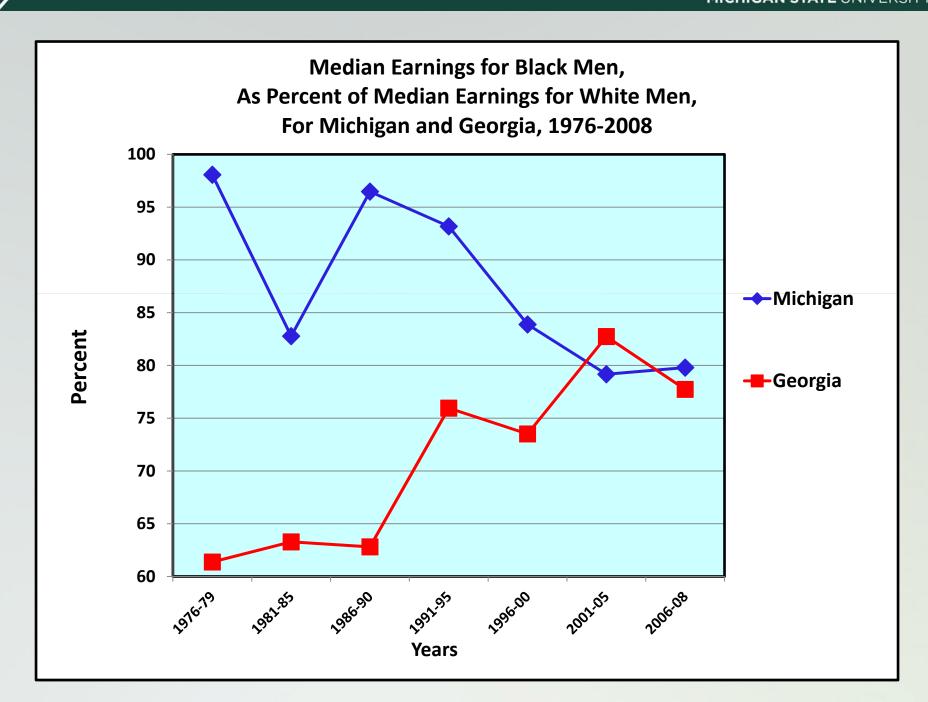
FIGURE 3.22 Minority Population of Michigan Census Tracts in Detroit Tri-County Area, 2000 Percent Non-White or Hispanic 0% - 20% 20% - 40% 40% - 60% 6014 - 8014 8054 - 10056 SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000, Summary File 1, Table P4. Michigan Center for Geographic

Information.

For the U.S. as a whole, the earnings gap between black and white men has decreased very slightly in the last 35 years, but the gap for women has increased.



In Michigan, African Americans have actually lost ground relative to whites.



Michigan, My Michigan

A song to thee, fair State of mine, Michigan, my Michigan.

But greater song than this is thine, Michigan, my Michigan.

The whisper of the forest tree,
The thunder of the inland sea,
Unite in one grand symphony
Of Michigan, my Michigan.