MANDER MARKED MA **National Alliance on Mental Illness**

Reducing Barriers -Consumer and Family Perspectives







WHO/WHAT IS NAMI?

WHY TALK ABOUT MENTAL ILLNESS ? NAMI, the National Alliance on Mental Illness, is the nation's largest grassroots mental health organization dedicated to building better lives for the millions of Americans affected by mental illness.

What started as a small group of families gathered around a kitchen table in 1979 has blossomed into the nation's leading voice on mental health. Today, we are an alliance of more than 600 local Affiliates and 48 State Organizations who work in your community to raise awareness and provide support and education that was not previously available to those in need.



WHAT WE DO

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hyperactivity

depressiv

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dissociative

Instahli

LISTEN 100,000+ Phonecalls

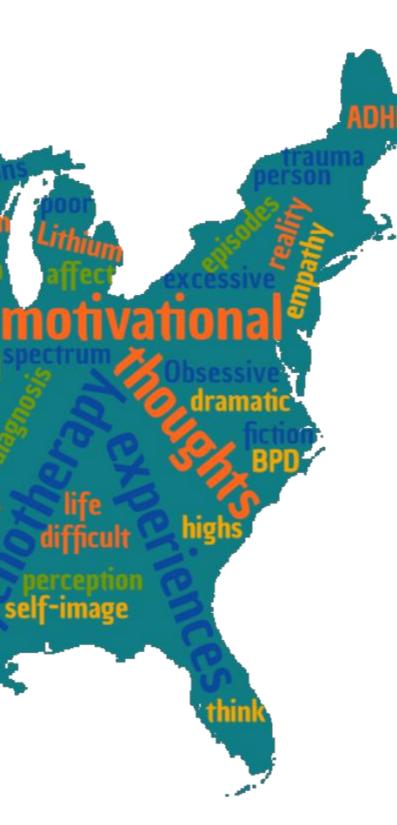




ADVOCATE POLICY IN ALL 50 STATES



LEAD 5+ PUBLIC EVENTS





- **REDESIGNING MICHIGAN'S PUBLIC BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SYSTEM**
- STATEWIDE IMPLEMENTATION OF CRISIS INTERVENTION TEAMS
 - **ENFORCEMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH PARITY ACT (1996)**
 - EXPANDED USE OF MENTAL HEALTH COURTS
 - EXPANDED USE OF KEVIN'S LAW (AOT)
 - FIRST EPISODE PSYCHOSIS (FEP)
 - SUICIDE PREVENTION



1 in 5 Americans are affected by mental illness in a given year.

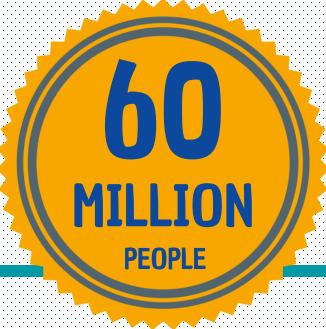






WHY TALK ABOUT MENTAL **ILLNESS**?

Myths & Facts About Mental Health: Myth: Mental illnesses are brought on by a weakness of character. Fact: Mental illnesses are a product of the interaction of biological, psychological, and social factors. Research has shown genetic and biological factors are associated with mental illnesses, substance use disorders and suicide.







WHAT IS STIGMA?

Stigma is a mark of disgrace that sets a person apart. When a person is labelled by their illness they are seen as part of a stereotyped group.



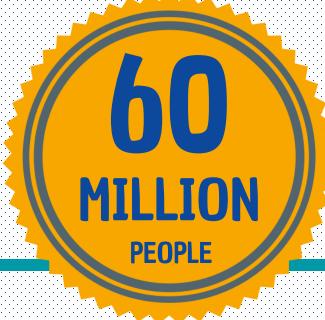
Have experienced STIGMA

STIGMA is the leading barrier to early diagnoses and treatment that leads to better outcomes.



WHY TALK ABOUT MENTAL **ILLNESS**?

Facts About Mental Health Advocacy: As advocates, we fight for increased mental health resources such as financial, legislative, behavioral healthcare professionals, community resources, etc., but if we don't eliminate the stigma, the people in need of behavioral health treatment simply will not seek it!









of all lifetime cases of mental illness begin by age







of all lifetime cases of mental illness begin by age



of U.S. youth (ages 6-17) experienced a mental health disorder in 2018.

16.5%

of people with anxiety disorder seek treatment.

20%

of students report be harassed or bullied online

59%

of students identified as being stressed to the point of being unable to cope

74%

of high school students seriously considered suicide in the last year.

17%



of youth in juvenile justice systems have at least one mental health condition.

70%

of youth in the juvenile justice system live with a serious mental illness.

20%

of state and federal prisoners have a diagnosed mental illness

37%

of local jail prisoners have a recent history with a mental health condition

21%

of adults in the U.S. with a mental health condition received mental health services in

the past year.



of U.S. counties do not have a single practicing psychiatrist

60%

of U.S. adults with mental illness also experienced a substance use disorder in 2018 (9.2 million individuals)

19%

of Veteran's Health Administration patients have a diagnosed mental illness or substance use disorder

41%

Is the average delay between onset of mental illness symptoms and treatment

11yrs

of people who die by suicide had shown symptoms of a mental health condition

90%





AFRICAN AMERICANS AND HISPANIC AMERICANS

use mental health services at about <u>ONE-</u> HALF the rate of Caucasian Americans in the past year.



of homeless adults staying in shelters live with serious mental illness



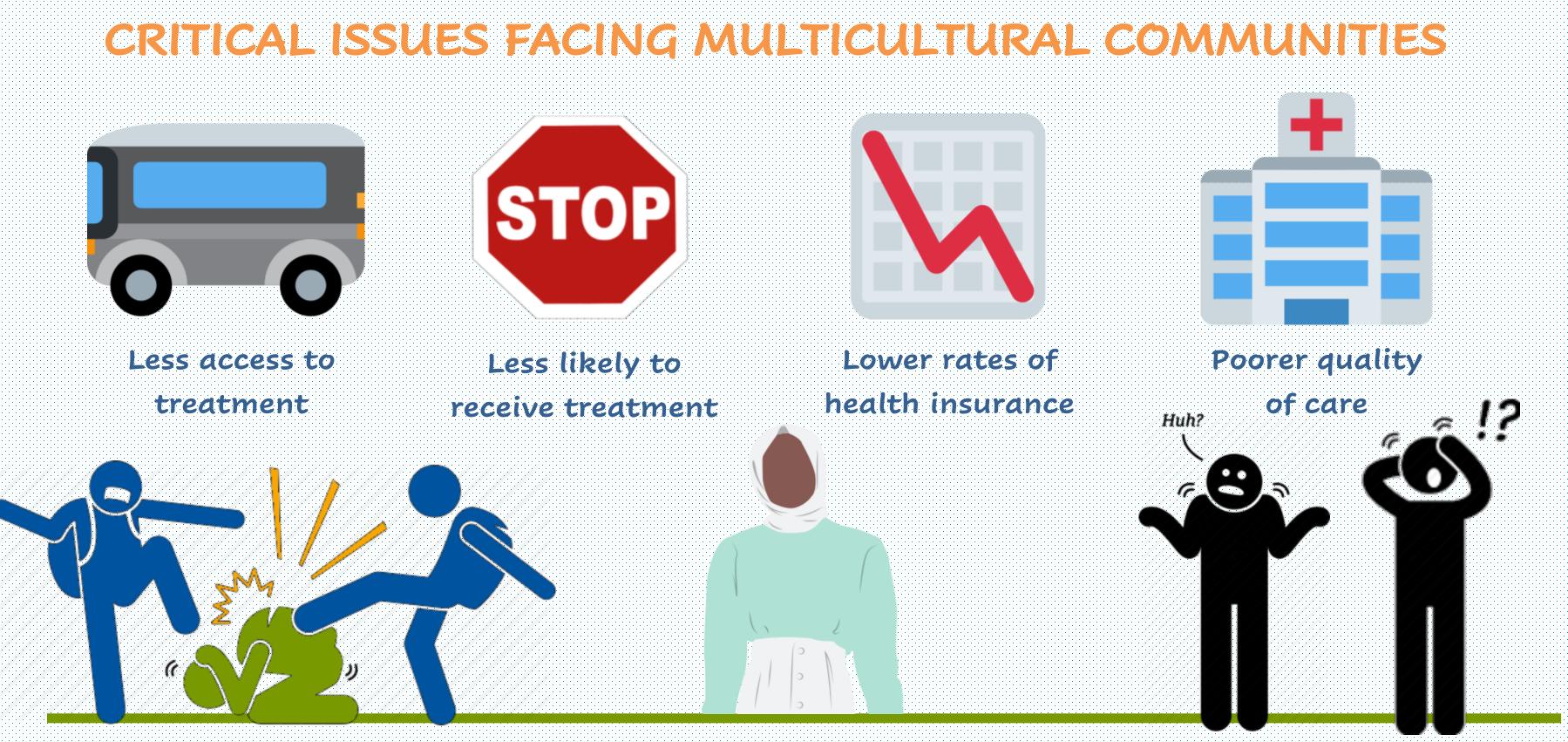
Serious mental illness costs America \$193.2 billion in lost earnings per year.





live with severe mental illness and/or substance use disorders.





Racism, bias, homophobia, or discrimination in treatment settings

Higher levels of stigma

Culturally insensitive healthcare







Suicide





Leading cause of death overall in the United States.

Suicide

10th





WHY TALK ABOUT MENTAL **ILLNESS**?

48,344 people died by suicide in 2018; up from 47,173 in 2017 and up by 35% since 1999. There are more than twice as many suicides in the United States as there were homicides (19,510).

ACCORDING TO THE CDC.....



Manu Michigan National Alliance on Mental Illness **2020 Winter Challenges**

Prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, the U.S. systems addressing mental health services were already in crisis due to demand and insufficient services. Amidst the **COVID-19** pandemic, we are now facing a "loneliness epidemic" exaggerated by the isolation required by COVID-19 pandemic. While the restrictions imposed by **COVID-19** are preventative and necessary, they have social consequences and have created many subsequent stressors that disproportionately impact underrepresented groups within the U.S. NAMI's document on the effects of **COVID-19** related social isolation on the mental health of underrepresented communities provides insights and recommendations.

https://nami.org/Support-Education/NAMI-HelpLine/COVID-19-Information-and-Resources



"Racism is a public health crisis!"

"While there is much we need to do to address racism in our country,

we must not forget the importance of mental health as we do so."

"The effect of racism and racial trauma on mental health is real and cannot be ignored. The disparity in access to mental health care in communities of color cannot be ignored. The inequality and lack of cultural competency in mental health treatment cannot be ignored."

Daniel H. Gillison, Jr., CEO NAMI



MHY TALK ABOUT MENTAL **ILLNESS**?

The National Institute of Health, the largest public funder of biomedical research in the world spent \$103 million on suicide and suicide prevention in 2017. It spent \$689 million that year studying breast cancer, which killed only a few thousand more people. In 2018 spending on suicide increased to \$147 million.

ACCORDING TO THE NIH





Every year people overcome the challenges of mental illness to do the things they enjoy. Through developing and following a treatment plan, you can dramatically reduce many of your symptoms. People with mental health conditions can and do pursue higher education, succeed in their careers, make friends and have relationships. Mental illness can slow us down, but we don't

need to let it stop us.





National Suicide **Prevention Lifeline** 1-800-273-8255

> **NAMI** Helpline 800-950-NAMI (6264) www.nami.org

Text NAMI to 741741

LGBTQ youth at 866-488-7386